

# **Bedford Public Schools**

Grade 8 – Algebra

In Grade 8 Algebra, instructional time should focus on three critical areas: (1) formulating and reasoning about expressions and equations, including modeling an association in bivariate data with a linear equation, and solving linear equations and systems of linear equations; (2) grasping the concept of a function and using functions to describe quantitative relationships; (3) analyzing two- and three-dimensional space and figures using distance, angle, similarity, and congruence, and understanding and applying the Pythagorean Theorem.

Students use linear equations and systems of linear equations to represent, analyze, and solve a variety of problems. Students recognize equations for proportions (y/x = m or y = mx) as special linear equations (y = mx + b), understanding that the constant of proportionality (m) is the slope, and the graphs are lines through the origin. They understand that the slope (m) of a line is a constant rate of change, so that if the input or *x*-coordinate changes by an amount *A*, the output or *y*-coordinate changes by the amount  $m \cdot A$ . Students also use a linear equation to describe the association between two quantities in bivariate data (such as arm span vs. height for students in a classroom). At this grade, fitting the model, and assessing its fit to the data are done informally. Interpreting the model in the context of the data requires students to express a relationship between the two quantities in question and to interpret components of the relationship (such as slope and *y*-intercept) in terms of the situation.

Students strategically choose and efficiently implement procedures to solve linear equations in one variable, understanding that when they use the properties of equality and the concept of logical equivalence, they maintain the solutions of the original equation. Students solve systems of two linear equations in two variables and relate the systems to pairs of lines in the plane; these intersect, are parallel, or are the same line. Students use linear equations, systems of linear equations, linear functions, and their understanding of slope of a line to analyze situations and solve problems.



Learning Expectations
The Number System
Functions
Geometry
Statistics and Probability
Expressions and Equations

Students grasp the concept of a function as a rule that assigns to each input exactly one output. They understand that functions describe situations where one quantity determines another. They can translate among representations and partial representations of functions (noting that tabular and graphical representations may be partial representations), and they describe how aspects of the function are reflected in the different representations.

Students use ideas about distance and angles, how they behave under translations, rotations, reflections, and dilations, and ideas about congruence and similarity to describe and analyze two-dimensional figures and to solve problems. Students show that the sum of the angles in a triangle is the angle formed by a straight line, and that various configurations of lines give rise to similar triangles because of the angles created when a transversal cuts parallel lines. Students understand the statement of the Pythagorean Theorem and its converse, and can explain why the Pythagorean Theorem holds, for example, by decomposing a square in two different ways. They apply the Pythagorean Theorem to find distances between points on the coordinate plane, to find lengths, and to analyze polygons. Students complete their work on volume by solving problems involving cones, cylinders, and spheres.



**Learning Expectations** 

The Number System

**Functions** 

Geometry

Statistics and Probability

**Expressions and Equations** 

## The Number System

Enduring Understandings In order to meet the standards, the students will need to understand that . 	Essential Questions In order to understand, students will need to consider questions such as	Knowledge and Skills Learning this material will require students to	Standards and Assessments
<ul> <li>Know that there are numbers that are not rational, and approximate them by rational numbers.</li> <li>Mathematicians look for patterns and represent them with rules.</li> <li>In order to evaluate numerical expressions, you must use order of operations.</li> <li>Integers represent real world situations involving gains and losses.</li> <li>You can use the Commutative, Associative, and Distributive properties to evaluate expressions</li> <li>Variables are representations of unknown values.</li> <li>An estimation can be as useful as an exact number</li> <li>Rational numbers can be written in different forms</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>How does the number system apply to algebra?</li> <li>How can rational numbers be written in different forms?</li> <li>How can we estimate the value of expressions?</li> <li>Why do I need order of operations?</li> <li>What are the properties of real numbers?</li> <li>How can you use integers to represent real world situations?</li> <li>What sort of real-world situations?</li> <li>What are the benefits of writing large numbers using scientific notation?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><i>Chapter 1</i></li> <li>Use Order of Operations to simplify</li> <li>Evaluate expressions with powers</li> <li>Write Algebraic expressions and equations</li> <li>Apply properties of Real Numbers</li> <li>Connect patterns in a table, equations and graphs</li> <li>Review operations with Real Numbers</li> <li>Define rational and irrational numbers</li> <li>Recognize subsets of rational numbers</li> <li><i>Chapter 10</i></li> <li>Understand and simplify square roots with/without variables</li> <li>Apply square roots to solving problems using the Pythagorean Theorem</li> <li>Understand and simplify cube roots</li> <li><i>Chapter 11</i></li> <li>Simplify rational expressions</li> <li>Understand operations with rational expressions</li> </ul>	Chapter 1 Test • 8.NS.1 • 8.NS.2 Chapter 10 Test • 8.NS.2 Chapter 11 Test • 8.NS.1 • 8.NS.2

#### Functions

Enduring Understandings In order to meet the standards, the students will need to understand that	Essential Questions In order to understand, students will need to consider questions such as	Knowledge and Skills Learning this material will require students to	Standards and Assessments
<ul> <li>Use functions to model relationships between quantities.</li> <li>Define, evaluate, and compare functions.</li> <li>A function is a relationship paring each input value with exactly one output value.</li> <li>Relations and functions can be numerically, graphically, algebraically and verbally.</li> <li>The value of one variable may be uniquely determined by the value of another variable.</li> <li>Linear functions represent situations with a constant rate of change.</li> <li>Non-linear functions have a graph that is not a line or part of a line.</li> <li>Many real-world functional relationships can be represented by equations.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Why are relations and functions represented in multiple ways?</li> <li>How do the application of patters and functions support algebraic thinking?</li> <li>How are the properties of functions useful?</li> <li>How can you use functions to model real-world situations?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><i>Chapters 4, 5, 7, &amp; 9</i></li> <li>Use a graph to relate two quantities</li> <li>Discriminate between linear and nonlinear functions</li> <li>Write a linear, exponential, quadratic function rule from a table</li> <li>Recognize an arithmetic and sequential function</li> <li>Graph a linear, exponential, quadratic function, absolute value</li> <li>Solve a linear and quadratic function</li> <li><i>Chapter 5</i></li> <li>Determine the rate of change or slope</li> <li>Use multiple forms of linear functions – slope-intercept, point-slope and standard</li> <li>Convert between forms of linear functions – slope-intercept, point-slope and standard</li> <li>Use a trend line to describe data in a scatter plot</li> <li>Graph absolute value functions</li> </ul>	Chapter 4 Test • 8.F.1 • 8.F.2 • 8.F.4 Chapter 5 Test • 8.F.3 • 8.F.4 • 8.F.5 Chapter 7 Test • 8.F.2 • 8.F.2 • 8.F.2 • 8.F.2 • 8.F.2 • 8.F.5 Chapter 9 Test • 8.F.5

Enduring Understandings In order to meet the standards, the students will need to understand that	Essential Questions In order to understand, students will need to consider questions such as	Knowledge and Skills Learning this material will require students to	Standards and Assessments
		<ul> <li>Recognize characteristics of parallel and perpendicular lines <i>Chapter 7</i></li> <li>Apply exponential functions to growth and decay problems <i>Chapter 9</i></li> <li>Solve a Quadratic function by factoring, completing the square, and using the quadratic formula</li> </ul>	

## Geometry

<b>Enduring Understandings</b> In order to meet the standards, the students will need to understand that	Essential Questions In order to understand, students will need to consider questions such as	Knowledge and Skills Learning this material will require students to	Standards and Assessment
<ul> <li>Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving volume of cylinders, cones and spheres.</li> <li>Understand and apply the Pythagorean Theorem.</li> <li>Understand congruence and similarity using physical models, transparencies, or geometry software.</li> <li>All constructions are based on properties of geometric figures</li> <li>Two and three dimensional objects can be described, classified, and analyzed by their attributes</li> <li>Geometry and spatial sense offer ways to visualize, to interpret, and to reflect on our physical environment</li> <li>You can indirectly measure a distance using the Pythagorean</li> <li>The Pythagorean Theorem has extensive real-world applications, many involving distance</li> <li>Similarity is an instance of proportionality</li> <li>Mathematicians use algebra to explore geometric concepts</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>What are characteristics and applications of symmetry?</li> <li>How do we describe, sort, and classify shapes?</li> <li>How are shapes related to one another?</li> <li>How do we recognize and apply transformations of shapes to solve problems?</li> <li>When does a figure have a line of symmetry?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Supplemental Unit</li> <li>Establish facts about and identify the angles created when parallel lines are cut by a transversal</li> <li>Classify angles</li> <li>Classify triangles</li> <li>Classify quadrilaterals</li> <li>Calculate angles measures in polygons</li> <li>Identify and name congruent polygons</li> <li>Use similar polygons to find missing measures</li> <li>Find areas of parallelograms and trapezoids</li> <li>Find areas of circles</li> <li>Classify and sketch solids</li> <li>Find surface areas of prisms and cylinders</li> <li>Find volumes of prisms and cylinders</li> <li>Find volumes of pyramids and cones</li> <li>Understand and analyze transformations</li> </ul>	Supplemental Test • 8.G.1 • 8.G.2 • 8.G.3 • 8.G.4 • 8.G.5 • 8.G.9 Chapter 10 Test • 8.G.6 • 8.G.7 • 8.G.8

Enduring Understandings In order to meet the standards, the students will need to understand that	Essential Questions In order to understand, students will need to consider questions such as	Knowledge and Skills Learning this material will require students to	Standards and Assessment
		<ul> <li><i>Chapter 10</i></li> <li>Find square roots of numbers</li> <li>Approximate square roots of numbers</li> <li>Work with irrational numbers</li> <li>Use the Pythagorean Theorem to solve problems</li> <li>Solve real-world problems using the Pythagorean Theorem</li> <li>Use special right triangles to solve real-life problems</li> </ul>	

#### **Statistics and Probability**

Enduring Understandings In order to meet the standards, the students will need to understand that	Essential Questions In order to understand, students will need to consider questions such as .	Knowledge and Skills Learning this material will require students to	Standards and Assessments
<ul> <li>Investigate patterns of association in bivariate data.</li> <li>The way that data is collected, organized, and displayed influences interpretation.</li> <li>Patterns and relationships can be represented numerically, graphically, symbolically, and verbally.</li> <li>Data representations can give information on data.</li> <li>All data and statistics are biased. Data can be biased by many different elements, including questions and sampling methods. Bias comes from many different sources, and is inherent in human work.</li> <li>Some ways of representing data are more effective than others for different data and/or results.</li> <li>Actual outcomes may not match mathematically predicted outcomes.</li> <li>Probability explains how things will tend to act over many trials.</li> <li>Events can be dependent or independent of each other. Some will</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>How can graphs be used to examine data?</li> <li>What is strength of association between two variables?</li> <li>What are different methods by which data can be displayed?</li> <li>Why does the world not conform to probability all of the time?</li> <li>What does it mean for a game to be fair?</li> <li>How are measures of central tendency used?</li> <li>How do people use data to influence others?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><i>Chapter 5</i></li> <li>Construct and Interpret Scatter Plots</li> <li>Describe patterns using linear relationships</li> <li>Describe Positive and Negative Correlation</li> <li>Describe nonlinear association</li> <li>Know that straight lines are used to model relationships</li> <li>Use linear equations to solve problems</li> <li>Interpret slope and intercept <i>Chapter 12</i></li> <li>Understand and apply measures of central tendency</li> <li>Interpret Box-and-Whisker plots</li> <li>Understand Outliers</li> <li>Use Data Displays to organize information</li> <li>Identify and analyze misleading graphs</li> <li>Analyze theoretical versus experimental probability</li> <li>Investigate the probability of</li> </ul>	<i>Chapter 5 Test</i> • 8.SP.1 • 8.SP.3 <i>Chapter 12 Test</i> • 8.SP. 4

<b>Enduring Understandings</b> In order to meet the standards, the students will need to understand that	Essential Questions In order to understand, students will need to consider questions such as .	Knowledge and Skills Learning this material will require students to	Standards and Assessments
<ul> <li>only happen if another happens first. Some may happen anyway.</li> <li>Events can be equally likely or not equally likely, but with appropriate data the probability of each type can be found.</li> <li>Probability can be represented in many ways.</li> <li>Not all games are fair.</li> </ul>		compound events • Identify and classify different types of data	

## **Expressions and Equations**

<b>Enduring Understandings</b> In order to meet the standards, the students will need to understand that	Essential Questions In order to understand, students will need to consider questions such as	Knowledge and Skills Learning this material will require students to	Standards and Assessments
<ul> <li>Analyze and solve linear equations and pairs of simultaneous linear equations.</li> <li>Understand the connections between proportional relationships, lines, and linear equations.</li> <li>Inverse operations are used to simplify equations.</li> <li>Rules of exponents are applied to simplify expressions and equations.</li> <li>Equivalent expressions and equations can be generated.</li> <li>Very large and very small numbers can be expressed as a product of a power of 10.</li> <li>Two proportional relationships can be compared using a system of equations.</li> <li>Equations can have no solution, one solution or multiple solutions.</li> <li>Real world problems can be analyzed or solved using an expression or equation.</li> <li>Expressions and equations can be represented in an infinite number of ways and have the same value.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>How does a pattern and its graph relate?</li> <li>What does it mean when a graph of a real world situation is a line?</li> <li>How do lines convey information?</li> <li>What is the most efficient or effective way to solve equations with one or more variables?</li> <li>How does a linear equation represent real-life and mathematical information?</li> <li>Why are we able to use multiple methods to solve equations?</li> <li>What is the meaning of rate of change?</li> <li>What are the laws of exponents and how can we prove them?</li> <li>How do you translate verbal sentences into Algebraic expressions?</li> <li>How do you represent numbers and their</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><i>Chapter 1</i></li> <li>Use order of operations to simplify expressions</li> <li>Evaluate algebraic expressions using substitution <i>Chapter 2</i></li> <li>Solve one-step and multi-step equations</li> <li>Solve Proportions</li> <li>Apply proportions to similar figures</li> <li>Find Percent change</li> <li>Understand ratios, rates and conversions</li> <li>Rewrite equations in terms of different variables</li> <li><i>Chapter 5</i></li> <li>Understand rate of change and slope</li> <li>Use slope to compare different relationships</li> <li><i>Chapter 6</i></li> <li>Solve systems of equations by graphing, elimination, and substitution</li> <li>Apply systems of linear equations to real world situations</li> </ul>	Chapter 1 Test 8.EE.2 Chapter 2 Test 8.EE.5 8.EE.6 Chapter 5 Test 8.EE.7 8.EE.7 8.EE.7 8.EE.7 8.EE.1 8.EE.1 8.EE.3 8.EE.4

Enduring Understandings In order to meet the standards, the students will need to understand that	Essential Questions In order to understand, students will need to consider questions such as	Knowledge and Skills Learning this material will require students to	Standards and Assessments
• Many different real-world situations can be represented using linear models.	<ul> <li>relationships to each other?</li> <li>How are variables and constants in equations reflected in real life problems?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Chapter 7</li> <li>Convert between Scientific Notation and Standard Form</li> <li>Perform operations with numbers written in scientific notation</li> <li>Use rules of exponents to simplify expressions</li> <li>Understand negative and zero exponents</li> </ul>	